

~~METHOD AND ARRANGEMENT FOR ADMINISTERING PERFORMANCE  
FEATURES FOR TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS~~

~~The invention is directed to a method for administering performance features  
for telephone subscribers and is also directed to an arrangement for the implementation  
of this method.~~

A multitude of performance features are made available at present to  
telephone subscribers in the telephone exchange to which these are connected. Usually,  
the administration of such performance features, i.e. the establishment and, potentially,  
modification thereof, ensues proceeding from a central location responsible for a plurality  
of telephone exchanges, what is referred to as an O&M center (Operation &  
Maintenance). For a plurality of performance features, however, the possibility must also  
be established that the subscriber himself can influence an administration of performance  
features.

Up to now, one has proceeded such in this context that the subscriber informs  
the telecommunications administration of his establishment or modification wish for a  
performance feature, and the corresponding administrative jobs are subsequently  
implemented by the service personnel in the appertaining telephone exchange. This, of  
course, is a matter of a personnel-intensive procedure that, moreover, also involves long  
waiting times until the execution of the customer wishes.

For performance features for which this cannot be accepted, there is therefore  
the possibility that the telephone subscriber can activate and, potentially, modify  
performance features proceeding from the terminal equipment by inputting numerical  
combinations. The procedures required for this purpose, however, are complicated and  
not very user-friendly because of the plurality of performance features coming into  
consideration.

The object of the invention is therefore comprised in specifying a method that  
makes the administration of performance features less time-consuming and more  
comfortable for telephone subscribers compared to prior conditions.

For achieving this object, such a method comprises the features of the characterizing part of patent claim 1.

In accord therewith, the communication required for such an administration between a location undertaking the administration and the telephone exchange wherein  
5 the data base pertaining to the performance features is contained is therefore sequenced upon utilization of an Internet connection of a data terminal equipment provided with a display and working with an Internet browser that is located at the site of the location undertaking the administration. An Internet server is established for this purpose, this  
10 being capable of communicating, on the one hand, with the data terminal equipment via an Internet connection and, on the other hand, being capable of communicating with said telephone exchange via a telecommunications connection.

A graphic user interface is thus made available for the administration of performance features, this graphic user interface being particularly predestined for such  
15 jobs.

The advantages of the invention particularly take effect in the above-discussed application wherein the performance feature administration is to be undertaken by the telephone subscriber himself, as recited in patent claim 2. The administration can thus be undertaken proceeding from the telephone subscriber's personal computer, and the offering of a special telephone terminal equipment is not required.  
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However, the inventive method for the exchange administration including the administration of subscriber performance features can also be advantageously applied from a service center, said O&M Center.

According to patent claims 3 and 4, the access of the data terminal equipment to the Internet can ensue via the telephone network, which will usually be the case when  
25 the administration ensues by the telephone subscriber or, on the other hand, ensues via a data line connection, which is more likely to be the case when the administration is undertaken proceeding from a service center.

Claim 5 recites a expedient arrangement for the implementation of the inventive method. Said Internet server, accordingly, is a component part of a log on node

for the Internet integrated into a telephone exchange. In order to enable a communication with the operations and maintenance technology of this telephone exchange, the Internet server contains an operations and maintenance application that corresponds to an operations and maintenance application with which the operations and maintenance technology of said telephone exchange is supplemented.

The invention is explained in greater detail below with reference to an exemplary embodiment and to a figure.

The figure mainly serves the purpose of explaining the conditions in an administration of subscriber performance features by the telephone subscriber himself.

It shows a telephone network TN which also includes a first local telephone exchange LE1 and a second local telephone exchange LE2. The connection of a telephone terminal equipment TLF and of a personal computer TLPC of a telephone subscriber via a subscriber line TLA is shown at the local exchange LE1.

A log on node POP into the Internet is indicated as a component part of the local exchange LE2. The personal computer TLPC is intended to have access to the telephone network T via a modem (not shown) and, from the latter, to the Internet via said log on node POP. The subscriber should thus have a browser, for example a WWW browser (Worldwide Web) available, i.e. a possibility and a comfortable graphic interface for accessing and for displaying data available in the Internet. For illustrating such an Internet connection, blocks having fields TCP, IP and PPP are shown at the personal computer of the subscriber TLPC and at the log on node POP, these indicating the protocols of transmission control protocol (TCP), Internet Protocol (IP) and Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) employed given a communication via the Internet.

The switching technology software critical for the creation of telephone connections is referenced VT at the local exchanges LE1 and LE2. Moreover, the subscriber data base in which the entries for the subscriber performance features are also located is indicated as TB at the local exchange LE1.

A specific Internet server, a WWW server here, belongs to the Internet log on node POP shown as a component part of the local exchange LE2. This server is

fashioned such that, on the one hand, it can communicate with an Internet subscriber via an Internet connection, i.e. upon employment of said protocols TCP/IP, i.e. with the personal computer TLPC in this case, and, on the other hand, can also exchange information with the local exchange LE1 via a telephone connection. In order to enable  
 5 this, this server, as indicated in the figure, is equipped with a switching-oriented application VTAS that corresponds to a switching-oriented application VTALE by which the switching technology VT of the local exchange LE2 is expanded.

The figure also shows a service center O&M (Operation and Maintenance) at which a data terminal equipment PC is likewise shown. This service center is in  
 10 communication here with the log on node POP via a data line. However, it would also be conceivable that this service center, like the personal computer TLPC, reaches the long on node via a line of the telephone network, as it would also be conversely possible that the connection of the personal computer TLPC of the telephone subscriber - differing from that shown - does not have access to the log on node POP and, thus, to the specific  
 15 server WWW-s of the Internet via the telephone network but via a data line. Broken connecting lines in the figure also indicate the possibility that the access of the personal computer (TLPC) of a telephone subscriber or of a service center (O&M-PC) ensues via connecting paths of the Internet INT.

When an administration of performance features is to be undertaken  
 20 proceeding from the telephone subscriber, whereby it will be a matter of activation or deactivation in most instances such as, for example, the performance features of "do-not-disturb" and "display telephone numbers of outgoing calls", or, on the other hand, modify inputs come into consideration such as given the performance feature of "call forwarding", then, in conformity with the inventive method, the telephone subscriber sets  
 25 up an Internet connection of his personal computer TLPC via the telephone network and the log on node POP. The telephone number of the connection to be administered, i.e. his telephone number, is to be communicated via his WWW browser to the WWW server WWW-s belonging to the log on node, being communicated thereto in the form of an Internet message.

Due to said switching-oriented application VTAS, this server is in the position to forward this telephone number via the switching-oriented application VTALE to the switching technology VT of the local exchange LE2. This can occur, for example, via an ISDN-D channel message when the log on node POP is connected to the local exchange LE2 in the form of an ISDN primary connection. Under the control of the switching-oriented application VTALE or, respectively, of the switching technology VT, a connection is set up via the telephone network T to the local exchange LE1 that can be recognized based on the telephone number and at which the inquiring telephone subscriber has his personal computer TLPC connected. The communication of this message can thereby ensue, for example, in the signaling channel according to the signaling system No. 7 of the telephone network, see the connection arrow between the blocks No. 7CC at the two local exchanges symbolizing the signaling software. The telephone subscriber is thus in the position, upon utilization of his WWW browser that offers him a corresponding comfortable user interface, to communicate with the data base of his own telephone exchange LE. The data exchange between PC and the WWW server thereby ensues in the form of the exchange of data packets according to the Internet protocol (IP), whereby a conversion for continuing this communication via the telephone network respectively ensues on the basis of the switching-oriented application VTAS.

As already indicated above, the inventive method is not limited to the performance feature administration of telephone subscribers but can also be advantageously utilized for switching center administration including subscriber administration proceeding from the service center when it is thus a matter, for example, of the establishment of new telephone connections and the like.